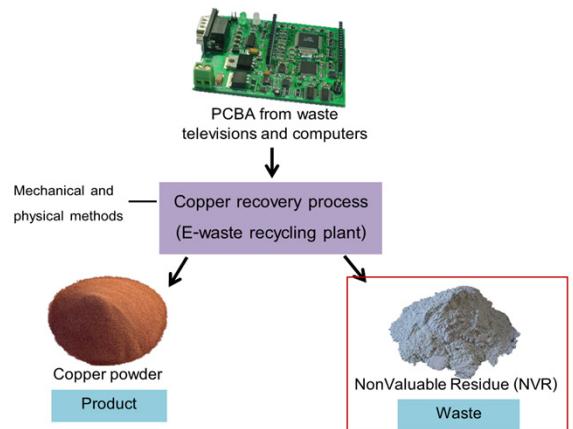


Solidification/Stabilization of Nonvaluable Residue from Waste Printed Circuit Board Assembly

Introduction: Nonvaluable residue from waste printed circuit board assembly (PCBA)

- The process of copper recovery from waste PCBA has remained a large fraction of solid waste residue.
- In this study, so called “NonValuable Residue (NVR),” which contains a variety of metals, and other toxic substances, including Brominated Flame Retardants (BFRs).
- Cement-based solidification/stabilization treatment technique is selected to improve NVR characteristics before disposal of in hazardous waste landfills.
- The aim is to study the efficiency of the stabilization and solidification of heavy metals contained in NVR from the waste PCBA using Portland cement.



Materials and methods

Sample preparation



Results

- The NVR powder from waste PCBA in this study was considered to be a hazardous waste because Pb, Cu, and Sb exceeded the regulatory levels, specified by Thailand Notification of the Ministry of Industry B.E. 2548 (2005) on Disposal of Wastes or Unusable Materials.

- The compressive strength of all solidified/stabilized NVR products meets the U.S. EPA requirements of unconfined compressive strength at 0.35 Mpa.

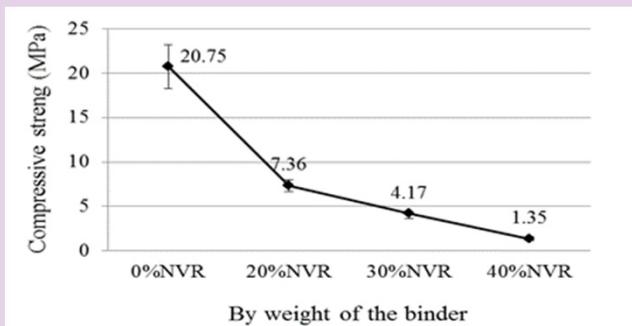


Figure 1 Average compressive strength of solidified/stabilized NVR products compared with blank sample

- The concentrations of heavy metals in TCLP leachates for all solidified/stabilized NVR products were below the regulation level specified by the U.S.EPA

Table 1 Metal concentrations in TCLP leachates

Sample	Concentration (mg/L)		
	Pb	Cu*	Sb*
Regulatory limit	5	-	-
Blank	ND	0.13	ND
20%NVR	0.20	0.60	0.24
30%NVR	0.71	1.26	0.27
40%NVR	0.11	2.26	0.14

- This study indicated that cement-based S/S treatment process was able to improve heavy metal immobilization and subsequently minimize potential environmental impacts in landfill disposal.

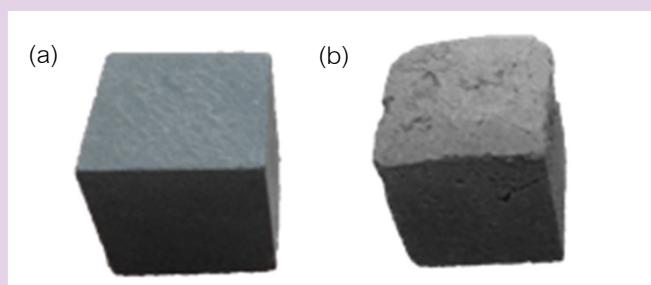


Figure 2 Solidified/stabilized products. (a) blank sample and (b) solidified/stabilized NVR product